OVERVIEW OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT TAX INCENTIVES

Joint House and Senate Finance, February 10th, 2011 Rodney Bizzell, Fiscal Research Division

Overview

- Economic Development Incentives
 - Installments and Carryforwards
 - Tax Credits Generated vs. Taken
 - Savings from Repeal of Incentives
- Corporate and Franchise Tax Expenditures Related to Economic Development
- Sales Tax Expenditures Related to Economic Development

Economic Development Incentives

- □ Article 3A William S. Lee Act
 - Repealed in 2007 and replaced with Article 3J
- □ Article 3B Business and Energy Tax Credits
 - Tax credits for energy property and facilities
- Article 3F Research and Development
 - Tax credits for eligible research expenses
- Article 3G Major Computing Facilities
 - Dell Incentive
- □ Article 3J Growing Businesses

Economic Development Incentives

In general, major incentive credits (Article 3A – J) share certain attributes

- Can be taken against the corporate income or franchise tax.
- Credits are limited to 50% of taxable income
- Most credits are taken in installments over 4 or 5 years
- Carryforwards extend the time over which credits can be taken (range from 5-25 years)

Economic Development Incentives

- Credits Generated vs. Credits Taken
- Between 1996 and 2006, the total Lee Act credits generated exceeded \$2 billion.
- □ The amount of credits used or "taken" during that time totaled \$632 million.
- An estimated 35% of the generated credits will never be used.

Source: UNC Center for Competitive Economies

Article 3J Tax Credits

- □ Tax Credits for Growing Businesses
 - Replaced William S. Lee Act Incentives in 2007
 - Credit for Creating Jobs
 - Credit for Investing in Business Property
 - Credit for Investing in Real Property (Tier 1 counties only)

2008 Article 3J Jobs Credits Generated

	Number of New Jobs	Credits Generated
Tier One	2,284	28,550,000
Tier Two	839	4,253,000
Tier Three	3,249	2,637,875
Total	6,372	\$35,440,875

2008 Investment in Business Property Credits Generated

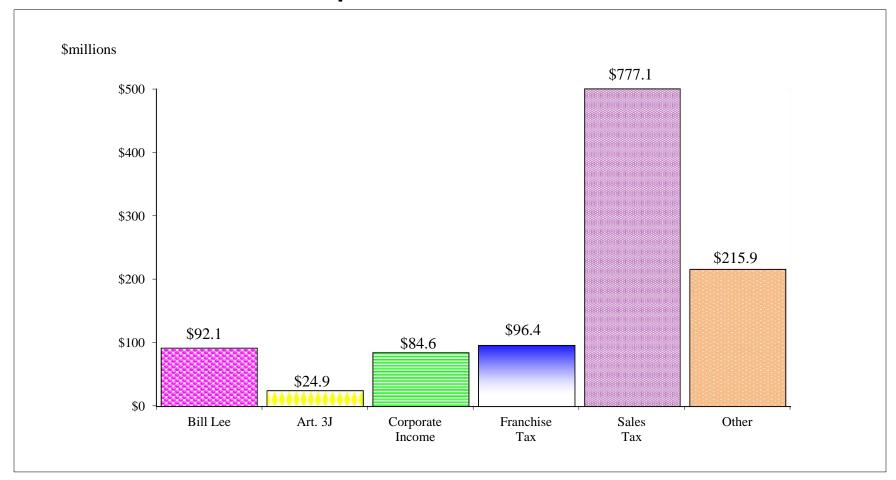
	Investment	Credits Generated
Tier One	402,168,1 <i>57</i>	28,095,346
Tier Two	235,859,128	11,843,752
Tier Three	703,924,546	36,273,286
Total	\$1,341,951,831	\$76,212,384

Timing of Tax Credit Impact

Tax Credits Taken (\$millions)						
Year of Tax Credit Generation	FY 2008-09	FY 2009-10	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12		
2008	5.4	12.1	12.1	12.1		
2009		5.4	12.1	12.1		
2010			5.4	12.1		
2011				5.4		
TOTAL	\$5.4	\$17.5	\$29.6	\$41.7		

Tax Incentives

Economic Development Tax Credits FY 2009-10



Source: NC Dept. of Revenue 2009 Biennial Tax Expenditure Report

Corporate Income Tax Expenditures

- Double-weighting Sales Apportionment
 - \$41.8 million
 - Sales apportionment factor for corporate income tax is double-weighted
 - Benefits companies with a large physical presence in North Carolina
- Cigarette Exportation Credit
 - ■\$9.1 million
 - Credit amount up to \$10 million for companies that export cigarettes to a foreign country through state ports.
- Film Industry Production
 - ■\$22.5 million

Sale Tax Expenditures

- Includes Exemptions, Refunds and Preferential Rates
- Sales to Farmers
 - \$294.9 million
 - Sales tax exemption for various items sold to farmers for agricultural purposes.
- Packaging Costs for Manufacturers
 - **1** \$126.6
 - Sales tax exemption for wrapping paper, cloth, plastic bags, packages, containers, etc.
- Refund for Certain Industrial Facilities
 - \$2.4 million
 - Refund for building materials for facilities in eligible industries (air courier, aircraft manufacturing, bioprocessing, computer manufacturing, financial services, vehicle manufacturing, pharmaceutical, semiconductor, solar electricity

Economic Development Inventory

 http://www.ncleg.net/fiscalresearch/frd_reports/fr d_reports_pdfs/Inventories/Final_2010_EDI.pdf

Questions?

Rodney Bizzell

Fiscal Research Division

733-4910

Rodney.Bizzell@ncleg.net